PROBATION OF STUDENTS (Elementary and Secondary)

The principal or his designee may, at his/her option, place a student on probationary status in the school in lieu of suspension. The intent of probation in lieu of suspension is to provide the student with an opportunity to continue schooling without interruption and at the same time subject him/her to a period of trial and testing in order to ascertain whether he/she can make a suitable and proper adjustment in his/her school conduct.

The length of the probationary period will not be less than 10 school days nor more than one calendar month. A student on probation is not permitted to attend or participate in activities before or after school.

In all cases of probation in lieu of suspension, a parental conference will be required. The conference must include the student, the student's parent/guardian, and the school administrator. In addition, it must include the teacher having the identifying interest or right in the matter, and may include the guidance counselor.

Any failure to adjust to appropriate conduct in school during the period of probation will result in the removal of probationary status, and out-of-school suspension will be applied as a disciplinary measure.

Adopted prior to 1977 Revised I/28/80 01/08/97